**Brief Reference**

*Literary Encyclopedia.*
[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.]
Search the Catalogue for *Literary Encyclopedia.* Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

Written by more than 1,850 scholars worldwide, *The Literary Encyclopedia* is a growing reference tool containing 4,800+ entries on authors and their works, as well as articles on literary topics. The encyclopedia, which accumulates more articles every month, covers literature originally written in English, German, French, and Russian.

[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.]
Search the Catalogue for *Literature Online.* Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

This vast online library lets you search more than 350,000 full-text works of English and American poetry, drama and prose, as well as biographies, bibliographies and secondary sources. The interface here is the same for the *ABELL* journal article database, and once in *Literature Online* you can use both resources, the library and the article database.

[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.]
Search the Catalogue for *Encyclopedia of British Literature.* Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

Spanning the history of literature in the UK and Ireland in such languages as Anglo-Saxon, English, Welsh, Scots, Irish, and Latin, this work contains lengthy biographies (e.g., Spenser, Pope, Austen) along with detailed entries on themes, movements, genres, and institutions whose impact on literature was significant (e.g. the sonnet, the ‘School of Night,’ or the Sublime).

[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.]
Search the Catalogue for *Oxford Reference Online* or a title listed below. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

*Oxford Reference* is an extensive general reference site containing many online titles for English students in particular. Here are a few: *The Oxford Companion to Twentieth-Century Poetry in English; The Concise Oxford Dictionary of Literary Terms; A Dictionary of Celtic Mythology; The Concise Oxford Companion to American Literature.*

[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.
Search the Catalogue for Oxford English Dictionary. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

*The Oxford English Dictionary* is the accepted authority on the meanings of English-language words. Besides guiding readers through the meaning, history, and pronunciation of more than half a million words, both present and past, it traces their usage through 2.5 million quotations from a wide range of international English language sources. At least 1,000 new and revised entries are added quarterly.

[St. Michael’s 1st Floor Reference Area – PN41 .C83 1992.]

From the *metaphor* to the *Kenning*, from *Essay* to *Post-Modernism*, this small book packs in a wealth of brief articles and definitions essential for English students. The entries, arranged alphabetically, contain a wide variety of topics, including technical terms (anapest), literary movements (Dadaism), types of criticism (Marxist Criticism), and literary forms (sonnet and romance).


Unlike the *Oxford Companion to English Literature*, this alphabetically-arranged 4-volume encyclopedia is international in scope, and more detailed. Besides basic biographical and general information, the entries provide bibliographies of works and secondary sources, along with critical comments in the case of some major authors. The first three volumes contain entries on authors’ lives and works. The fourth is an index indicating the volume and page numbers for authors or topics. While this source offers excellent coverage of major authors, *Contemporary Authors* and other guides listed here provide more information on lesser-known, pre-20th Century, or recent writers.

[St. Michael's 1st Floor Reference Area – PR87 .O93 2002.]

Use this 2-volume set to browse records of major literary works published in English between 1474 and 2000. Brief notes on publication date, title, author, publisher and genre let readers glimpse works from a given year (e.g. 1615) in relation to one another, while also allowing scholars to follow the development of English literature over time. Entries include works that are both significant (e.g. Shakespeare’s *Hamlet*, printed 1604) and representative (e.g. *Churchyards Good Will, Sad and Heavy Verses*, by Thomas Churchyard, also printed in 1604). Vol. 1 contains the entries, vol. 2 author and title indexes.

[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.
Search the Catalogue for Oxford Encyclopedia of Children’s Literature. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]
[Victoria University E.J. Pratt Library Reference Area – PN1008.5 .O94 2006.]

The *Encyclopedia* analyzes the books children read. Taking a multicultural and global perspective, the encyclopedia includes brief biographies as well as essays on genres, works, and key themes and trends.

While international and historical in scope, this encyclopedia focuses most closely on the modern world and on works written in English. More than 500 entries cover such topics as authors and critics, historical figures and literary works, and national literatures and literary movements. Volume 3 includes more than 80 pages of bibliographical references.


Anyone seeking key bibliographic information about anonymous or pseudonymous English literature printed before 1950 will find this 9-volume set helpful. Organized alphabetically by title, the entries provide the author’s real name (if known), the format of the work, paging, and the place and date of publication. Volume 7 contains two handy indexes arranged alphabetically: one for authors and one for pseudonyms. The final two volumes contain supplements: volume 8 includes additions from 1900 to 1949, while volume 9 updates and corrects entries for works published before 1900.

**Literature Criticism Online.** [Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/. Search the Catalogue for Literature Criticism Online.]

This series provides detailed critical essays—often by well-known critics—on a wide range of authors. Most essays are available online (see the box above). Using the online version, you can search titles (e.g. Shakespearean Criticism, or Contemporary Literature Criticism) all together, in a selected combination, or individually. Arranged alphabetically, the entries provide in-depth critical essays on an author’s work, along with biographical facts, a list of major works, and related sources. Usually, the essays give an overview of a writer’s work or themes. The entries are substantial. Volume 101, for instance, provides more than 100 pages on Swift’s essay “A Modest Proposal.” Swift, in fact, has entries in three different volumes, each with a different emphasis. The online version is a scan of the print copy.

**Twayne’s Authors Series.** [Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/. Search the Catalogue for Twayne’s Authors. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

**Johns Hopkins Guide to Literary Theory and Criticism** [Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/. Search the Catalogue for Johns Hopkins Guide. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]


**A Dictionary of Symbols.** By Juan Eduardo Cirlot. Translated from the Spanish by Jack Sage; foreword by Herbert Read. London : Routledge, 1971. 2nd ed. [Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/. Search the Catalogue for “dictionary of symbols”. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]
**BIOGRAPHY**

**Literature Resource Centre.** Gale Group, 2003.
[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.
Search the Catalogue for Literature Resource Centre. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

Probably this source is the most detailed—and convenient—biography database available for literature students. You can search by author on the main page or try other searches by clicking “literary-historical timeline” underneath the search box. Choosing the second option should bring up a horizontal menu offering a title search, a keyword search and an “encyclopedia of literature”. The database organizes entries into biography, criticism and “additional resources”. *Contemporary Authors* covers fiction writers, poets, dramatists, non-fiction writers, journalists, editors, screenwriters, television scriptwriters and other authors.

**Biography Resource Centre.** Gale Group, 2003-.
[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.
Search the Catalogue for Biography Resource Centre. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

Similar to Gale’s *Literature Resource Centre*, and just as good, this database is a great starting place for literary biography. While many of the entries overlap with the *Literature Resource Centre*, not all of them do, so looking at both resources is worthwhile.

[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.
Search the Catalogue for Literature Online. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

This vast online library lets you search for biographies, as well as full-text works, bibliographies and criticism. For biography, this source is useful but not as wide-ranging as the Gale *Literature Resource Centre*.

[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/
Search the Catalogue for Oxford Companion to English Literature. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

This one-volume guide to literature written in English includes alphabetically arranged entries on authors, their works, fictional characters, and literary forms and periods. In addition to brief but useful biographies, these entries include plot summaries and publishing history, as well as details about literary societies, newspapers, periodicals, and critical terms and theories. Coverage of composers, artists, historians, philosophers, and foreign authors important to English literature is more extensive here than in *The Cambridge Guide to Literature in English*. Unlike the earlier editions, the 6th revised includes entries on younger writers (e.g. Simon Armitage, born in 1963).

[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/
Search the Catalogue for Oxford Companion to American Literature. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]
[St. Michael’s 1st Floor Reference Area – PR85 .C29 2006.]

Like the *Oxford Companion*, this one-volume guide provides brief biographies of writers in English from such places as the UK, North America, Australasia, Africa, and the Caribbean. You can also look up entries by book title or subject (e.g. *post-modernism* or *simile*).

**FICTION**

[St. Michael’s 1st Floor Reference Area – PN41 .E487 1998.]

Facts about the novel, from technical terms and varieties of the genre to critical approaches, the history of fiction, famous authors, and well-known titles (such as *Anna Karenina*) abound in this 2-volume set. Numbering more than 1,500 pages, the encyclopedia contains 650 articles substantial enough for a student to get a good basic grasp of an author, concept or work. Some entries focus on the development of the novel in specific countries. Use this resource when you need a more detailed treatment of a novelist or novel than a more general guide—such as *The Oxford Companion to English Literature*—provides.

[St. Michael's 1st Floor Reference Area – PN44 .M33 1996.]

What distinguishes *Masterplots* from other guides is its concentration on detailed plot summaries (much more thorough than in the *Oxford Companion to English Literature*), critical evaluations, and bibliographies for famous novels, poems, and plays dating from ancient times to 1991. This source contains more than 1,800 articles, arranged alphabetically by the title of each work. Volume 12 includes chronological, geographical, title and author indexes. For entries on more recent or lesser-known works, try the *Oxford Companion to English Literature*, and other guides listed here.

**DRAMA**

**McGraw-Hill Encyclopedia of World Drama.**
[St. Michael's 1st Floor Reference Area – PN1625 .M3 1984.]

Although dated, this 5-volume set contains useful articles on dramatists, dramatic literature and national and ethnic theatre traditions. The articles on dramatists include bibliographies as well as a critical assessment. A bibliography follows each entry. Besides its focus on dramatists and dramatic literature, the encyclopedia also includes entries for theatre companies and well-known directors. There’s a glossary, a list of play titles and a index to the whole set at the back of the 5th volume.
POETRY


Students and faculty studying poetry—whether individual lines or the context that produced them—will find this encyclopaedia a tremendous help for its detailed entries, both on technical terms (e.g. alliteration or trochee), poetic forms (e.g. the sonnet or villanelle), literary periods (e.g. Modernism), national literatures (e.g. Polish Poetry), and types of literary criticism (e.g. Structuralism).

[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.
Search the Catalogue for *Oxford Companion to 20th Century Poetry.* Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

In this comprehensive guide to modern poetry in English, established poets express opinions on such peers as Ted Hughes (by Tom Paulin), Robert Lowell (by Seamus Heaney) and Sylvia Plath (by Anne Stevenson). The guide includes information on roughly 1,500 poets, from W.H. Auden to Benjamin Zephaniah, and hailing from such places as America, Britain, Ireland, New Zealand, and Zimbabwe. Besides providing commentary on poets and their work, this guide also contains entries on magazines, movements, and critical terms.

[St. Michael’s 1st Floor Reference Area – PN1022 .H39 1997.]

Ever wondered who wrote . . . “Gather ye rosebuds while ye may / Old Time is still a-flying”? This volume has a *first-line index* that will tell you. Dealing chiefly with English-language poems printed in anthologies, as well as some poems translated into English, the *Index to Poetry* provides a first-line and title index, along with author and subject indexes for 75,000 poems by 11,000 authors and organized into 4,000 subjects. There’s a last-line index for 10,000 of the more anthologized poems.

WOMEN’S WRITING

[St. Michael's 1st Floor Reference Area – PR111 .S24 1999.]

With more than 2,500 alphabetically-arranged entries, this work is a useful quick-reference guide to women writers, their works, and the movements they have been a part of (e.g. *postmodernism*). From medieval writers such as Julian of Norwich to post-colonial writers such as Arundhati Roy, this guide covers a wide range of authors, literary periods and works.
Consisting of 2,700 alphabetically-arranged biographical entries on women writing in English from the earliest days to approximately 1985, this book also contains subject entries ranging from detective fiction and psychoanalytic feminist criticism to religious and devotional writing. This work has three useful indexes at the end of the book organized by topic (e.g. popular fiction), date (authors by time period: e.g. “Born 1876-1900”), and surname (providing cross-references to the correct entries).

Unlike the *The Cambridge Guide to Women's Writing in English* and the *The Feminist Companion to Literature in English*, this reference source lacks subject entries. The advantage, however, of *British Women Writers* is its detailed biographies on more than 400 British women writers from the Middle Ages to the 1980s—some not included in the other two sources.

**LITERARY HISTORY**


To understand literature, exploring context helps. This four-volume set provides a thorough clear chronological introduction to four major periods in English literature: *The Middle Ages* [consisting of the Old and Middle English periods.] (vol. I), *The Renaissance* (vol. II), *The Restoration and the Eighteenth Century* (vol. III) and *The Nineteenth Century and After* (vol. IV). With information on genres, literary movements, authors and their works, and marked with brief headings in the margins, *A Literary History of England* serves as a useful starting place to gain background for a paper. Each volume contains a lengthy bibliographical supplement at the back, as well as an index.


This little book gives you, at a glance, a chronological list of works published by major British authors from the Renaissance to 1950. Arranged first by publication year, then alphabetically by author, the book includes brief italicized historical notes in the margins to provide context. In contrast with Rogal’s *Chronological Outline of British Literature* [St. Michael’s 1st Floor Reference Area - PR87 .R57 1980.], this title provides a narrower date range but more thorough entries. As an example, Chapman’s *Annals* lists 35 works for 1834, whereas Rogal’s *Chronological Outline* lists 19.
FINDING JOURNAL ARTICLES

To find articles in scholarly journals, the best place to go is an article database. To find articles related to your subject area, go to www.library.utoronto.ca/ and under the Subjects A to Z tab scroll down to your subject area —i.e. Literature—and click GO. You’ll find a list of online databases containing relevant articles, as well as other online resources such as encyclopedias, dictionaries and research guides. Besides finding articles, article databases also round up book reviews, book chapters, dissertations and even book titles. In most cases, you can limit your search to articles if that is all you want.

**Annual Bibliography of English Language and Literature (ABELL).**
[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.]
Search the Catalogue for ABELL. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.

Looking for articles, book chapters or essays? This index, spanning 1892-2004, should be your first stop. Packed with more than 840,000 records, ABELL refers you to journal articles, books, essay collections, book reviews, and doctoral dissertations. Another advantage is the scope. Covering American, British and Commonwealth literature, as well as some material in languages besides English, ABELL is one of the two key indexes for English students—the other is the **MLA International Bibliography**.

**MLA International Bibliography.**
[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.]
Search the Catalogue for MLA. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.

This index, along with ABELL, is a key English literature source. It covers criticism related to literature, linguistics and folklore from 1921 to the present, and contains more than 1-million citations to journal articles, series, books, working papers and conference proceedings. Most of the materials indexed before 1963 are American.

**OTHER ARTICLE DATABASES**

**Humanities Abstracts**
[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.]
Search the Catalogue for Humanities Abstracts. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.

*Humanities Abstracts* covers 400 English-language journals related to such areas as literature, religion, philosophy, history, archaeology, classical studies, linguistics and art. Although it is an excellent general humanities index, *Humanities Abstracts* covers only 1994 to the present.

**Essay and General Literature Index.**
[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/.]
Search the Catalogue for Essay and General Literature Index. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.

With references to nearly 45,000 English-language essays in 3,500 collections and anthologies, this humanities index covers such subjects as history and literature, folklore and film, music and drama, and religion and psychology. Use this source for more recent material—the index covers only 1985 to the present.
Look up references to stories by author, title, subject, and other fields. In addition to researching specific stories or authors, you can browse lists of collections and directories of publishers and periodicals. The Short Story Index provides references for 178,200 stories in more than 11,200 collections and 60-80 periodicals between 1953 and 1983.

19TH CENTURY ARTICLE DATABASES

19th Century Masterfile
[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/. Search the Catalogue for 19th Century Masterfile. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

Use this database to search one or more indexes for 19th Century periodicals and documents ranging, depending on the index, from 1774 to 1920. For literature, you can focus on Poole’s Index to Periodical Literature (1802-1906), which contains more than 500,000 records. When you search Poole’s, the computer breaks down the results so you can what magazines provide full-text articles on your subject. Other indexes deal with law, psychology, government documents, patents and science.

[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca/. Search the Catalogue for Wellesley Index. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

Browse the tables of contents for issues from 43 major nineteenth-century British monthlies and quarterlies in the first four volumes in this series. Organized by journals (such as The Cornhill Magazine and Bentley’s Miscellany), the Wellesley Index provides historical information about the journal at the beginning of each listing, as well as the regular citations in each issue’s table of contents. This resource gives you a snappy—but telling—idea of what 19th Century writers and readers were thinking and arguing about.

FINDING BOOK REVIEWS

Most article databases contain citations for book reviews. The databases below, however, specialize in reviews of books published in the Humanities. Some useful databases for finding book reviews, aside from the ones listed here, include ABELL (limit to Reviews under Search Options and then continue search by either author, reviewer, or title of book); and Scholars Portal Search (under Subject Area select Arts & Humanities).

Book Review Digest. 1905-present.
[Available online for UofT use only: www.library.utoronto.ca. Search the Catalogue for Book Review Digest. Then limit on the left to Online Resources.]

One very useful feature of the BRD is that it provides not only citations to reviews, but also excerpts from the reviews themselves. Subject coverage is current juvenile and adult fiction and nonfiction in the English language. Periodicals indexed are from the United States, Canada, and Great Britain, and are general rather than specialized. Entries are arranged alphabetically by last name of the author of the book reviewed. Also includes a subject and title index.
Use this index to find citations to book, periodical, and books-on-tape reviews from more than 500 American, Canadian, European and Australian publications. *The Book Review Index* cites scholarly and literary journals as well as general interest ones.

**Combined Retrospective Index to Book Reviews in Humanities Journals.** Edited by Evan Ira Farber. Woodbridge, Conn.: Research Publications, 1982-84. 10 volumes.


[St. Michael's 1st Floor Reference Area - Z1035. A1 I63.]

This title indexes 30 years of book reviews in scholarly journals (though St. Mike’s has only 1961-1978). Topics include literature, art, architecture, biography, memoirs, music, travel, philosophy, language and music.

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