Excavation continued in Trench 14 A 1 this morning, east and west of Wall 1. East of Wall 1 we are removing the rubble and sandy soil piled against the wall, above Wall 3. Pail 18 has been retained for this material.

West of Wall 1, Pail 21 has been retained for material from the fill. No structure has yet been uncovered here. It may be that we are here outside the Hellenistic building complex.

A wall running east-west, parallel to wall 4, has been uncovered in the south east corner of Trench 14 A 1. This wall, Wall 5, forms an architectural unit with walls 3 and 4. This unit is bordered on the east by Wall 1, on the north by the largely robbed out wall 2, and on the south by Robbers' Trench 2 (see Notebook 10, p. ) which has been uncovered in the south east corner of Trench 14 A 1.

Robbers' Trench 2 is being followed to the west. The soil within it, except for a thin layer of sand, is bordered by wall 5 on the north and earth on the south and is easily identified consequently. A new Pail is being used for material from the Robbers' Trench!

Pail #, 23

Under Pail # 13

Type of soil: sand

Pottery content:

O-chai, roof tile frags
I mentioned.

The western limit of the Robbers' Trench was excavated. The Trench...
ends about 1 m. west of the west face of Wall 1.

There appears to be an extension of the Robbers' Trench to the south, opposite Wall 1, but it is impossible to follow this possibility at this point. The extension of the Robbers' Trench falls outside Trench 94 A1 and also underlies a store well we have built to retain the sand scarp. Massive sand removal must take place before the extension of the Robbers' Trench (representing an extension of Building A1) can be followed.

East of Wall 1, the rubble and sandy spoil above wall 3 has been removed and I am resuming use of Pail 20. I have placed material from the soil east of Wall 3. The soil is soft and contains reconstituted material of the same type as those found in B, B'. "B'. The longest example (most wholly preserved) was a couple of tiles found was uncovered in the soil east of wall 3. It measures 47 cm. in length.

At the corner of wall 3 and wall 5 at a depth of 5.77 cm. was uncovered a lens 7 cm. thick of black burned material, some pieces of charcoal are present in this lens, but for the most part the charcoal has disintegrated and mingled with the soft soil. The burning is in association with fallen tiles, and does not appear to be upon a floor, so it should be the result of the burning of the roof of Building A. The area east of Wall 3 has now been leveled at a depth of 5.77. It will be kept at this depth for we are too restricted in the part of the trench to excavate a floor level.

West of Wall 1 has been leveled at a depth of ca. 6.08. No architectural features are apparent. The soft, sandy soil continues, but is even softer.
than the fill above. I am using a new
pail:
Pail # 24 1.2
Under Pail: 21, 1.2
Type of soil: soft sandy soil, few shades
Depth: 6.08 m - 5.92
Potters content: Not homogenous, has L.M III
Archaic, Classical, 4th c. or Hellenistic
Other:
Inert.

The top of the foundation block for
Wall 1 has been uncovered in the
Robbers' Trench S.E corner T1, 14 A 1
at a depth of 51 cm. These blocks
were covered by a thin layer of earth,
under the sand which fills the
Robbers' Trench. This earth is probably
mortar.
Today we are continuing work in what appears to be an exterior area west of Wall 1 in Tr. 14 A 1. Pail 24 has been retrieved from yesterday. The soil continues to be a soft, mucky loam and loam, with few clods. The fill was deep. The top of an east-west wall has been uncovered at a depth of 6.04 feet. A new pail is being used for material which is the wall, Wall 6.

Pail # 26
Under Pail # 21
Type of soil: Sandy soil, soft, like Pail 24
Depth: 6.04 - 5.94
Pottery content: Latest material 5th classical, B.C. pre 425 B.C.

Other:
Shell:
Inventoried:

Wall 6 appears to be preserved only one course high. The area south of Wall 6 is being leveled at a depth of 5.92. We have uncovered the top of the brepidem of Wall 1. A new pail will be used for further excavation here.

Pail # 27
Under Pail # 24
Type of soil:
Depth: 5.92 - 5.80
Pottery content: Latest material is classical.

Other:
Inventoried:

Bottom of 26 = 5.94
The southern course of wall 6 has subsided and tilted on its side.

Trench 14A1 north of wall 6 and west of wall 1 has been leveled at a depth of ca. 5.80 m which is approximately the mid-point of the Alexander. This area is now being halved; the southern half left at 5.80, the northern half excavated further. A new Pail:

Pail # 28
Under Pail: 27
Type of soil: soft, sandy earth, slightly softer than Pail 27.
Depth: 5.80 - 5.59
Pottery contents: Does not appear homogeneous
Archaic and 6th - 5th c. material

I mentioned:

The area north of wall 6, which was leveled at 5.94, the surface upon which wall 6 rests, will now be excavated to a depth of 5.80, equal to that of Pail 27 to the north. A new Pail:

Pail # 29
Under Pail: 26
Type of soil: sandy earth
Depth: 5.94 - 5.80
Pottery contents: scrappy unit, Archaic and classical

Other: Iron Ore, shell
I mentioned: C 805 skyphos, C 806 B 6 cop, C 807 jug
A large lump of iron ore, 22 x 13 c.m. has been found north of wall 6.
The area south of wall 6 has now been leveled at a depth of ca. 5.80
Excavation now continues of the entire section north of wall 6. Pail 28 is still being used.
Tr. 14 A1, L. 2
Rubble (p.
Roll 15

N.B. - Pail 30 does not pre date wall 1, it was found to continue.

The chipped stone may represent the debris from setting the krepidoma in place.

Tr. 14 A1, L. 2
Rubble (p.

Excavation continued in Trench 14 A1 this morning, in the area north of wall 6 and west of wall 7. The soil remains to be the same type as previously a compact sandy soil, but there are more small stones (including some limestone chips) in the fill. Pail 28 is still being used for material from the fill below the depth of 5.70m reached Friday.

The top of another course of the krepidoma which projects above surface (variable) out from the upper has been uncovered at a depth of ca 5.65. This area of Tr. 14 A1 between Wall 6 and 17 is all 1 has now been leveled. The course of stones thought to be an extension of the krepidoma appear now to be smaller less regularly worked stones making a foundation for the krepidoma. These stones, rest upon earth we have reached the base of several. The base of the corner stone of Wall 2 has also been reached. A new Pail will be used for material below present level. This material should antedate Building A.

Pail #: 30
Under Pail #: 28
Type: sand, some stone, grey, brown soil, some unworke stones
Depth: 5.59 - 5.20
Pottery context: not homogeneous; Mix classical, possibly some Hellenistic.

Other: some chipped limestone and a little charcoal.
Inventoried: see shell and bone.

Further excavation has shown me to be wrong in thinking that the slightly projecting krepidoma rests upon earth. It
is supported by large blocks recessed to be in line with the wall above the sub-prepodoma. Thus the base of the foundation of Building A has not yet been reached.

Piles of stone, perhaps collapsed prehistoric walls are being uncovered. Removal of earth from around these stones has shown that they do not form structural units. After being photographed, they were removed.

Building A
Tr. 14A1

schematic sketch of rubble, step 50
This morning saw continued excavation of the sounding in Trench 14A1. Pail 30 has been retained from yesterday for material from the leveling of the sounding.

A Hellenistic cup sherd was uncovered next to the foundation of Wall 1. The base of the foundation has not yet been uncovered.

A pile of stones larger than the pile photographed and removed yesterday, has been uncovered at a depth of ca 6.33 m.

The soil is still soft and sandy but contains more sand than the soil above so I am changing pails.

Pail # 31

Under Pail # 30
Type of soil: sand and silt, mixed more sand than in the soil above.
Depth: 5.20 - 5.15
Pottery content: All ware appears to be modern, not homogenous, no joins
Lm I, single sherd looks Lm III
Other:

Inventoried:

The soil west of the stone pile is pure sand below a depth of 5.15, while the soil between the stone pile and Wall 1 contains sand and earth. I am splitting pails.

Pail # 32

Under Pail # 31
Type of soil: sand and silt, soft
Depth: 5.15 - 4.91
Pottery content: modern or mm III, Lm III, classical Hellenistic
Other:

Inventoried:
Tr. 14A1
west face wall 7
and rubble above wall 7

Tr. 14A1
wall 7 after removal of rubble

and west of the stone pile:
Pail 33
under Pail 31
Type of soil: sand
Depth: 5.08 - 4.82
Pottery content: very worn, mostly LM III with some LMI
Other:
Inventoryed: C 809 LM III B goblet

Both pails contain Minoan material of greater quantity than yet obtained.

Trenches 10 and 14. We are approaching Minoan levels. The difference in soil east and west of the stone pile is striking - the soil continues to be pure sand west of the wall and a silt, sandy soil east of it. Apparently the pile represents a collapsed Minoan wall against which sand collected from the west after the area was abandoned. The foundations of Wall 1 appear to have been set in a trench cut into Minoan levels protected from the sand by the stone pile. We have now uncovered the face of a wall within the pile of stones. We are definitely within a Minoan level.

The west face of this wall (Wall 7) is clearly defined. The east face is hidden under rubble. I am removing this rubble, looking for the east face of wall 7. A new Pail is being used:
Pail 34
Under Pail 30
Type of soil: sand mixed with earth
Depth: 5.33
Pottery content: difficult to date, LM III, LM I?
Roll 15

Tr. 14 A 1, l. 3
wall 7 covered by rubble
sand and stone pile west
of wall 7 are visible.
View is from west.