6) Roll I, frame 27 from W TR 74A, side of wall #6 (N-S), after excavation q. pairs 12 & 14 (Jws)

7) Roll I, frame 28 from E TR 74A, side of wall #3 (N-S) after excavation q. pairs 5, 57A and 7 (Jws)

The SW corner was then plotted (see p. 50). Our next step will be to remove the whole baulk to the south to follow the surface of use. But first, the SW corner was covered with sand and plastic in order to protect the pithos fragments. The small jug was taken into the apomere.

At the end of the day we began excavating the S baulk which was actually a part of trench 73A. The area was plotted and levels were taken (see p. 53)

**Plan 15**

- **Location:** South baulk of trench - 73A - 74A
- **Soil:** sandy surface, topsoil, cement prob. contaminated level
- **Pottery:** 4th BC latest, mixed C-MN through 4th BC, possible 5th & 6th BC
- **Objects:** 1 shell bag, 1 bone bag

The excavation will continue in this area tomorrow. The term used for the excavation of the baulk will be K91A / 73A - 74A, since it is a part of trench 73A, but excavated go a foot of 74A.
Theodore: 7.96cm
am - we continued excavating the South baulk which we had
started yesterday.

**PAIL 15**
- Level 1 (73A-74A) (see p. 52)
- Location: 6 of trench 74A, part of
- 73A (see NB 73A).
- Soil: thin layer of sand, stones
underneath it (see level 1, p. 9)
- Pottery: 4MC 10 LH III A2
  (see p. 57).
- Other: 1 bone bag / 1 shell bag

The purpose of excavating here
is to follow the surface of sea found
yesterday (see info Pail 14 A4). Level
one consisted of much rubble; luke
pottery + shells.

**PAIL 16**
- Level 2 (73A-74A)
- Location: under Pail 1, 3 baulks
- Soil: a little more soil, brown
- with some sand on top E.
- Still some rubble (see level 2, p.9)
- pottery: latest 4MC BC; early to
- late Archaic, some classical
- jena (see Pail 17). (C 9110)
- Other: 1 shell bag / 1 bone bag.
- Inv: C 9116 red monochrome painted
- bowl

As we excavate this level, we
are able to see a little of earth underneath
and from the baulk. As we reach
the bottom of level 2, we are at
the same elevation of top pail
10 of trench 73A. A triangular
clearance also part of trench 73A
will be excavated by us.
April 17th

Location: 73A/94A, under phase 1E soil: brown soil, quite hard, but with less stones (see p. 13). Pattern: latest 7th c BC, key to human & Avonlea (HM-1H3A 110 725-745 BC) tile, 475 BC other: bone, bag, pink soil, frag. shell

We have started the excavation of a level of soil under that of rubble. So far, our levels here seem to match those excavated previously. That is:
- Level 1: sandy surface, with some stones
- Level 2: brown soil, with rubble & large stones
- Level 3: brown, compact soil

Very little material has been recovered from these levels so far. We are also removing the cement & stones which were put against the N wall of 73A in previous years to prevent the collapse of the stables. As we dig level 3, a pink type of stone was found which resembles that of level 4. (see p. 16). The one here is also situated nearby (see p. 34 bottom drawing). We might therefore have overstepped with level 4—levels will be taken at the bottom of each level 4 for comparison with space A of level 4.

Levels: top: level 1B in baulk (level 1) at a different level than top 4 (level 4) in space A. This may be...
Due to the people, or to the fact that the levels in the baleen are hard to detect. We will, however, start a new page in order to try to maintain the consistency of the levels.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>April 18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Level 4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Bottom Location: 73A-74A under pale 17

Soil: Brown clayish-silt with small gravel, softer than upper levels

Pottery: Latest 7th-11th BC; mixed LM III A-2, B + N Ma. 4 major, 7 minor, 50 small. C 9104

Bone, shell, orange fly. 1

Pink sand, fragments

15 C 9104 - 4: micaceous black-burnished CP jar

With pale 18, we hope to find the continuation of all surface levels found in spaces C & B.

pm - with pale 18. Things are starting to get interesting! In space B, most of the posts have been uncovered, and in space B, we noticed more beach pebbles, a lot of large stones. Could it be a wall? There are also quite a few pottery plates but they do not seem to be "in situ". - They are too uneven & seem to be on rubble as well. Maybe they are from a second floor which collapsed. The area was cleaned & we will change level + pales since we are so close to the floor level. We want to collect the floor deposit only, with no contamination from the upper levels.
TR 73A-74A, SPACE C

PHIL 20, LEVEL 5 showing CARVED STONES AND SHELLS. (SPATIUM SPATIUM)

SEE P. 114 for drawing.

50136

ROLL 45 (B+L) PLATES 7-8-9.

PHIL 19


TOP 7.09-6.78 / 6.74-6.70

LEVEL 5 (0.50-6.00)

BOTTOM

Soil: soft brown, shell, some "beach pebbles"

Rubble & glasses (disturbed)

Pottery: latest 7th Century B.C. - essentially, cup fragments, amphorae,

Other: shell bag, bone bag, soil sample

1 bone frag, bag.

Inscribed: C9023 med coarse up pits.

PHIL 20


TOP 6.72 / BOTTOM 6.70

LEVEL 5 (p. 50, 600).

Soil: soft brown, small beach pebbles.

Pottery: latest 7th Century B.C.

Joins: 3, 4, 6, 10, 18

Inscribed: C9104 fine micaceous black-burnished CP jar.

Other: 1 shell bag.

At this point, we divided the level in 2 different parts, one for space B, PAEL 19, and SPACE C, PAEL 20. The reason for this was that we have a slight difference in floor levels in B+C, and we have 2 types of deposit.

1) SPACE B, DEPO: 6.85-6.79m,

Pitons deposit, tiles, or tablets?

2) SPACE C, DEPO: 6.90-6.72m,

Shells, bone, and stone plates.

Workmen excavated in both areas at the same time. In area C, more of the shell deposit was uncovered along with a carved stone. (P. 58)

This indicates a definite floor deposit.
SPACE B

TR 73A-74A  SPACE B
PAIL 19  LEVEL 5

(EITHER 3 BRICKS, OR 1 BROKEN IN THE MIDDLE.)
Summary of week 2

This week, work was carried out in all 3 spaces, A, B, and C. In space A, a floor surface was reached (paved with mostly Hinkan; paved 5%, purely Hinkan). The excavation off the baulk to the south revealed more of the plaster pavement in addition to a cored pithos with phyles (paved 20% - pottery not analyzed yet, but expect purely Hinkan). No foundations of wall 3 have been found, therefore they are in Hinkan levels (but no date yet).

In space B, a level of loose pebbles seems to have been reached, not a definite floor level as in space C. Large pithos fragments were found under a layer of rubble and left in situ. The removal of the baulk in that area proved to be very interesting. More of the pithos fragments were found, along with much rubble and pebble plaster (not in situ, however). This area seems quite disturbed, thus the question arises as to whether an upper floor collapsed and covered the pithos below, or if the pithos was on the upper floor and broke as a result of the collapse. In addition, some clay tiles (?A 2009) were found under the rubble and plaster. Next week, our objective is to determine the stratigraphy in that area and therefore the sequence of those deposits.

According to the pottery analysis from space A, the level beneath wall 5 is Archaic. We are still waiting for the analysis of pithos 9. XRF results confirm this date, but we suspect a definite Archaic date for wall 3. Wall 3 was drawn & photographed & is ready to be removed so that we may excavate the lower Hinkan levels.
Theodolite 7.56

July 8, 1991

- We will finally continue work on pails 19 & 20 this morning. In space C (pale 30, see pp. 58, 59), Bill is drawing the plans & pherels. And 
cleaning is also done here before more photographs are taken. In 
space B, workmen are cleaning off the sand around the pieces 
fragments. This and around the tiles/tablets (?) will be our area 
of concentration today. The area will be extensively photographed 
and drawn in order to determine the context of the artifacts.

(Pale 19, level 5, see p. 58)

A photo was taken before any more work was done around the 
tiles/tablets (?) (see p. 64) and Taylor room:

* Roll D, frames 13 & 14 [B & W] buried
  from East. Pale 19, area B
  showing tiles/tablets (?).
  from an angle, showing higher
  plan + bone in foreground.
(Taylor)

In the meantime, the workmen finish 

cleaning the area around the pithos.

* Roll D, frames 15 & 16 [B & W]
  buried 78A-74A from
   Pale 19, space B, close up of 
   tiles/tablets? (Taylor).

* Roll #1 Colour frames 10-11
  buried 78A-74A from East
  Pale 19, space B, showing tiles?
  * alone plan, bone? (same as Roll 1
   B & W frames 13 & 14) (Taylor).
As we pull out the rubble & debris we were able to isolate 3 deposits of clay which resemble in colour & texture to the tile (?) . Jerry Bailey was asked to come & look at them. His opinion was that they were the fragments of watt tiles, probably used as a base for the Arcadian walls and/or the levelling of the ground before the wall was built. He also took a look at the pottery which seems to be Arcadian at first glance. Among the sherds were some from 17th century thin-walled & rough cooking vessels typical of the 17th & 18th C. B.C. pottery itself could have been used for cooking.

By carefully cleaning, this area we finally arrive at a surface which also seems to be Arcadian. The evidence for this is:

1) wall plates;
2) pottery:
   1) stone plates
   2) fish & pig bones;
3) lumps:
   (a very large amount)
4) small black pebbles (indicative of a surface).

But, how can we explain the little difference in levels between Space B (Arcadian) & Space A &? Hunican - with some Arcadian? (see p. 16). It is possible that the Greeks generally used what was already present & built on other walls. I suspect that some Hunican walls may have been robbed (i.e. wall 3) and that the area was levelled to allow for the building of walls (of which 1 & 2). Since we are on the playing ground, the floor surface was higher to the west than to the east. Thus Hunican & Arcadian levels may also be at the same level to the east.
Another question was raised today - why does the Archaic occupation seem more intense in space B than in A or C? It was suggested today that with the building of wall 2, the Greeks occupied space B, and perhaps not A or C - or at least not so extensively. Another inter-visibility feature was detected.

Some of the LH wall (wall I) in TR 73A was removed to the west, these creating some kind of a corridor linking the Archaic structure in 74A, and the later Iron Age levels in trench 73B.

This area appears to have been built in terraces, just as the preceding House X was. The Greeks may have hereafter used the already-existing layout & materials of House X to built their own houses, with the addition of certain walls, such as walls 1 & 2 in TR 74A. (For entrance see p. 68) Another opening was created in wall 1, TR 73A, a drain (p. 68) that is at the same level as the plane slabs & floor surface. (p. 68)

Pm - levels were taken - bottom plane 19, plotted p 68. A detailed drawing of the space was begun, but will only be finished tomorrow (1:00 back pocket). In the meantime, the workmen began removing wall 3.

* All back pocket for 1:00 drawing.
Conclusions: Space B was occupied during the Archaic period whereas Spaces A + C only brought forth pottery evidence for the Archaic period, no other features. Pottery levels were found between trenches 73A + 74A at different levels. This implies that the Greek people used the Minoan structure for house 4 which was terraced + levelled the ground to some extent. They also built new walls (ie walls 1 + 2 + 3, TR 74A) & made use of Minoan walls - either took stones or created on entrance + drain (p. 68).
The area under wall C was finished yesterday PM. This morning we work in area 73A-74A (barrel) space B. Our purpose is to follow the Hellenic floor in 73A-74A space C through space B.

**Phil 22**
- Level: 73A-74A barrel
- Depth: 6.85 - 6.70 top
- Location: Under pile 19
- Soil: Brown relatively soft soil; some small beach pebbles; some ash pottery
- Mixed LM Late Archaic. Many fragments of East Greek storage amphorae.
- Other: 1 soil sample / 1 huge bag limpets / 1 bone bag / 1 shell  
  1 triton trumpet frag.

As we excavate this space we find the true floor level, a very large amount of limpets was collected (characteristic of Archaic floor levels). Also, towards the west a burnt surface is detected. Another piece of vat (?) seems to appear. There are now 2 possibilities and/or accumulated:

1. Phil 19 represents the material which had collapsed over the Archaic floor.
2. A floor was built over his 1st surface without having cleaned it.

July 9, 1991